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December 13, 2005

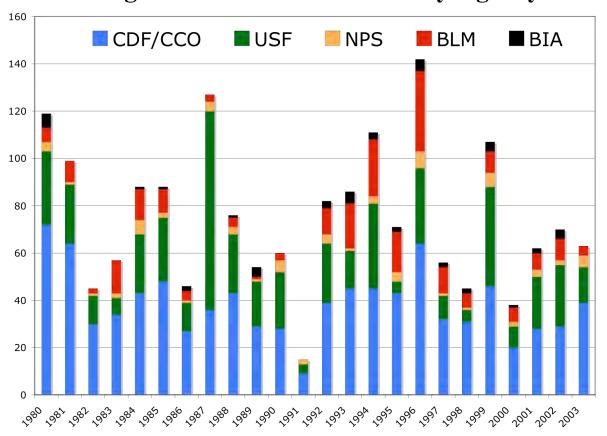
Wildfire & Vegetation Assessments

Fire Modeling

- Large Fire Risks (Westerling)
- Severity/Escaped Fires (Fried, Gilless, Riley, Moody, Blas, Hayhoe, Moritz, Stephens, Torn)
- Loss Modeling (Westerling & Bryant)
- Vegetation Modeling (Lenihan, Drapek, Neilson, Bachelet)
- Fire Weather (Miller & Schlegel)
- Fire Management Policy (Moritz & Stephens)

Wildfire in California

Annual Large Wildfires in California by Agency: 1980 - 2003



Average Annual Area Burned in Large Fires:

~ 400,000 Acres

Percent Large Fire Area Burned in CDF/CCO:

 $\sim 40\%$

CDF Average Annual Damages 1999-2003:

> \$300 Million (2005 \$)

Average Annual Cost of Fire Suppression 1999-03:

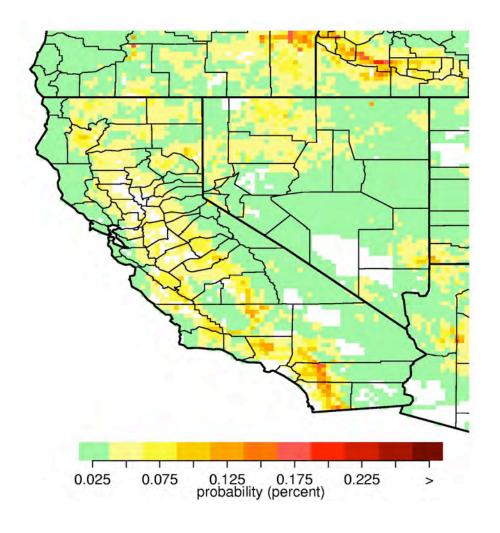
> \$480 Million* (2005 \$)

* (CDF + BLM + USFS)

Wildfire in California

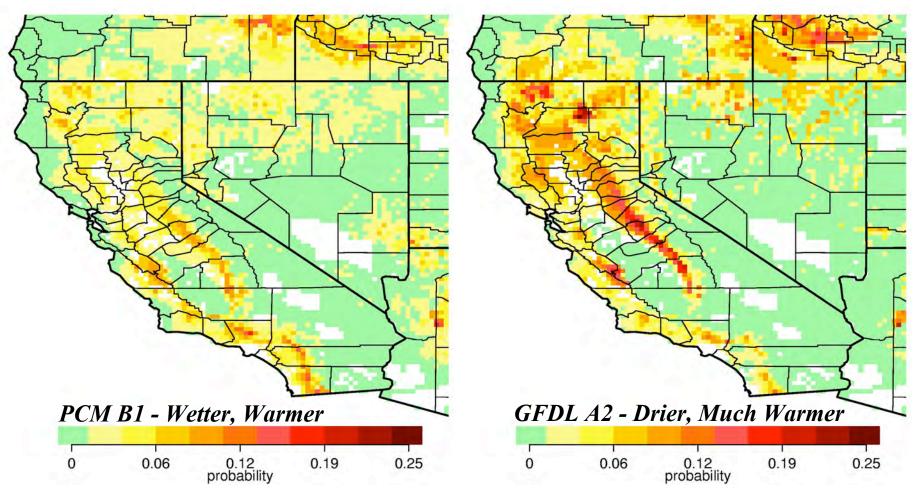
Currently, Highest California Wildfire Risks Are Mostly Concentrated in:

- Coastal Southern California
- Sierra Nevada Foothills
 & Mountains (< 7000 Ft Elevation)



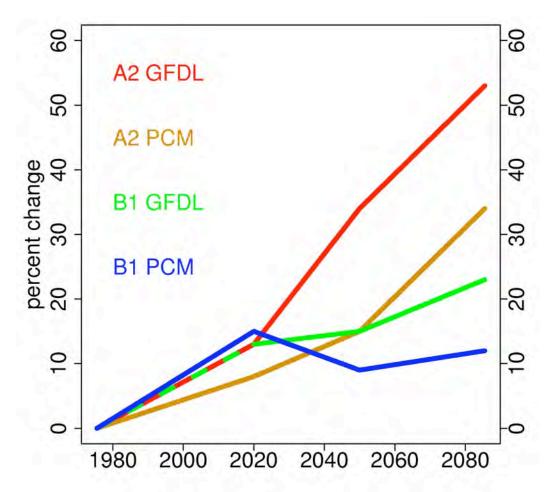
Wildfire Scenarios

Our Scenarios Envision a Wide Range of Possible Futures...

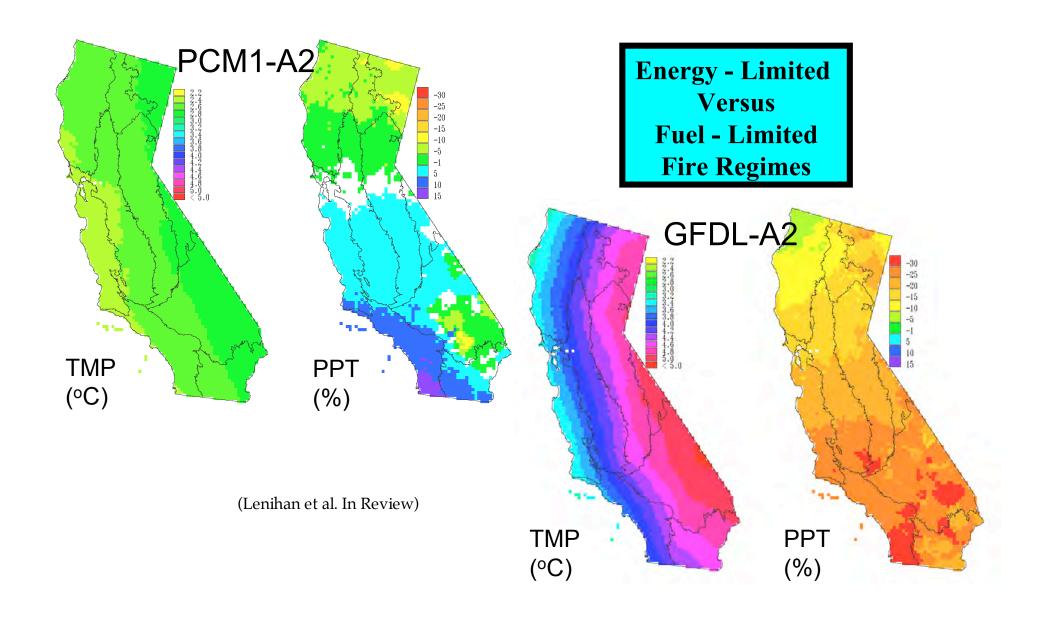


Increased Wildfire Risks

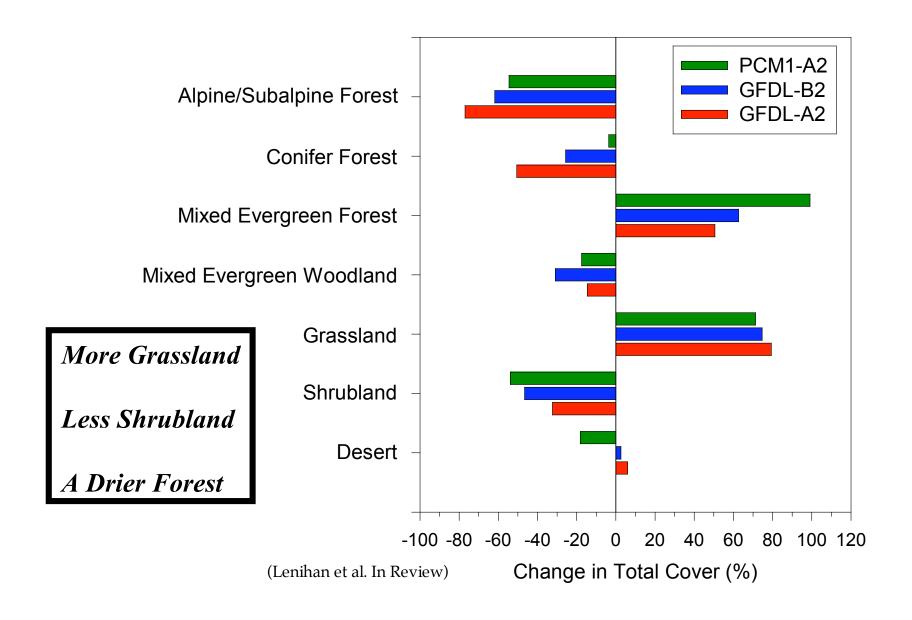
... But all of our Scenarios Result in Increased Fire Risks For California.



Precipitation vs. Temperature

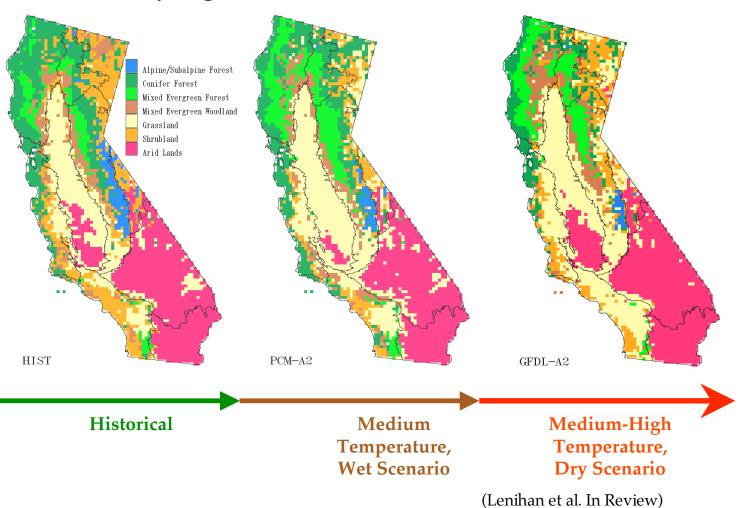


Vegetation Changes



Vegetation Changes

End of Century Vegetation Distributions vs Historical Distribution



Fire Weather: Santa Ana Winds

Decrease in Frequency of September Santa Ana Wind Events

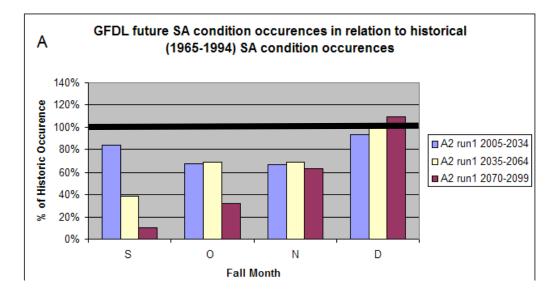
Number of Historical Santa Ana Events in September is Small

Potentially Important for Southern California Fire Risks

Warmest Temperatures

Dry Vegetation - Little Chance of Significant Rain

High Fire Danger

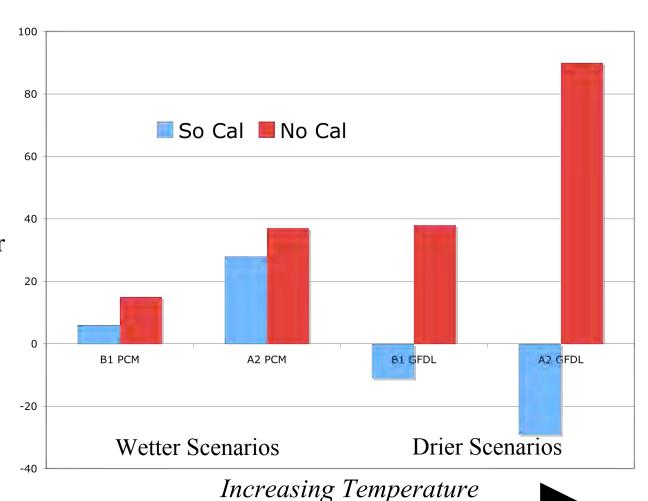


May Accentuate Divergence Between Southern/Northern California (Miller & Schlegel, in Review)

Different Impacts Within CA

The Greatest Increased
CA Wildfire Risks are
Concentrated in
Northern California

Greater Uncertainty for Wildfire Risks in **South**ern California



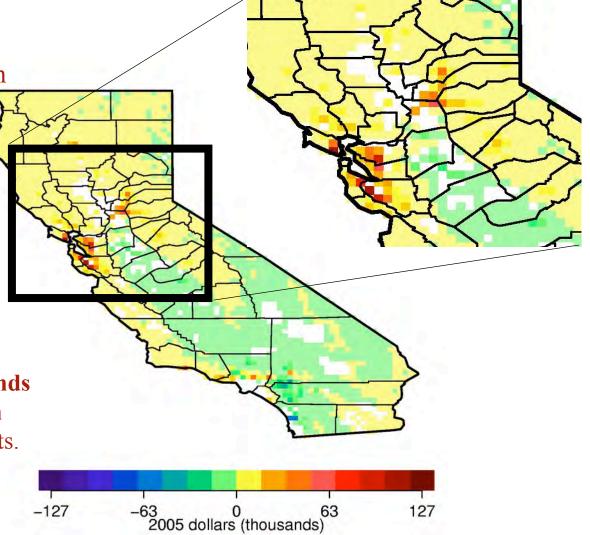
Property Losses:Warning Signs

For the GFDL A2 Scenario (Warm & Dry), Increased Property Losses in Northern California.

Losses Increase Northeast of Sacramento into the Sierra Foothills.

Structures & Property Values Based on 2000 Census.

Full extent of **future risks depends On Development & Population Growth** in the Foothills and Mnts.
Of the Sierra Nevada



Possible Adaptation Strategies

Enhanced Fire & Fuels Management

Fire Prevention Education

Property Loss Risk Reduction:

materials, building codes, clearances around structures, landscaping

Limit the Growth of the Wildland/Urban Interface:

zoning and development policy that concentrates growth in population centers